

Change of Base

$$\log_b c = \frac{\log c}{\log b}$$
$$= \frac{\ln c}{\ln b}$$

Use the change of base formula and your calculator to evaluate the logarithm

A) $\log_3 16$

$$\frac{\log 16}{\log 3} = 2.534$$

B) $\log_{1/2} 2$

$$\frac{\log 2}{\log \frac{1}{2}} = -1$$

$$\frac{\ln 2}{\ln \frac{1}{2}} = -1$$

Express using only natural logarithms

A) $g(x) = \log_5 x$

$$g(x) = \frac{\ln x}{\ln 5}$$

B) $g(x) = \log_2(x+y)$

$$g(x) = \frac{\log(x+y)}{\log 2}$$

Find the exact solution algebraically, and check it by substituting into the original equation.

$$A) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$x = 2$$

$$C) \frac{2(3)^{x/2}}{2} = 6$$

$$3^{x/2} = 3^1$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = 1$$

$$x = 2$$

$$E) \log x = 5$$

$$10^5 = x$$

$$x = 100,000$$

$$B) \frac{20\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x/3}}{20} = \frac{5}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}^{x/3} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}^{x/3} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{x}{3} = 2$$

$$x = 6$$

$$D) \frac{2(3)^{-x/2}}{2} = \frac{54}{2}$$

$$3^{-x/2} = 27$$

$$3^{-x/2} = 3^3$$

$$-\frac{x}{2} = 3$$

$$x = -6$$

$$F) \log_2(x-4) = 3$$

$$2^3 = x-4$$

$$8 = x-4$$

$$x = 12$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{\ln 5}{\ln 2.03} \neq \ln\left(\frac{5}{2.03}\right)$$

ln base e

$$\log_e(x+3) = 2$$

Solve each equation algebraically

A) $2.03^x = 5$

$$\ln 2.03^x = \ln 5$$

$$x \ln 2.03 = \ln 5$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 5}{\ln 2.03}$$

$$= 2.27$$

C) $2 \ln(x+3) + 6 = 10$

$$2 \ln(x+3) = 4$$

$$\ln(x+3) = 2$$

$$e^2 = x+3$$

$$x = e^2 - 3$$

$$x = 4.39$$

B) $\frac{50(e)^{0.03x}}{50} = \frac{500}{50}$

$$e^{0.03x} = 10$$

$$\ln e^{0.03x} = \ln 10$$

$$.03 \ln e = \ln 10$$

$$.03x = \ln 10$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 10}{.03}$$

$$x = 76.75$$

D) $2 - \log(x+3) = 10$

$$-\log(x+3) = 8$$

$$\log(x+3) = -8$$

$$10^{-8} = x+3$$

$$x = -3 + 10^{-8}$$

ln e'